



REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

The consolidated financial statements of Idaho AgCredit, ACA and its wholly owned subsidiaries Idaho AgCredit, FLCA and Idaho AgCredit, PCA (collectively Idaho AgCredit) are prepared by management, which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity, including amounts that must necessarily be based on judgments and estimates. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles appropriate under the circumstances and under the oversight of the Audit Committee (comprised of all board members), and in the opinion of management, fairly present the financial condition and results of operations of Idaho AgCredit.

To meet its responsibility for reliable financial information, management depends on Idaho AgCredit's accounting and internal control systems, which have been designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded and that transactions are properly authorized and recorded. The systems have been designed to provide the information to facilitate the recognition of costs in relation to benefits derived. To monitor compliance, Idaho AgCredit's staff, contract auditors, CoBank, ACB (CoBank) and an independent accounting firm perform reviews of the accounting records, review accounting systems and internal controls, and recommend improvements as appropriate.

The 2018 consolidated financial statements of Idaho AgCredit were audited by Wipfli LLP, certified public accountants (CPAs), who also conducted a review of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as they considered necessary to comply with generally accepted auditing standards. A copy of their report was presented in the 2018 Annual Report to Shareholders (Annual Report).

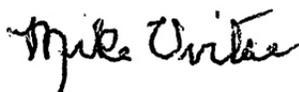
The activities of Idaho AgCredit are also reviewed by the Farm Credit Administration (FCA), and certain actions of Idaho AgCredit are subject to approval by CoBank. Certain actions of CoBank are also subject to FCA approval. The annual and quarterly reports of Idaho AgCredit and CoBank are available upon request at no cost at Idaho AgCredit's administrative and branch offices, or on the websites at www.idahoagcredit.com and www.cobank.com, respectively.

The Board of Directors and Audit Committee have overall responsibility for Idaho AgCredit's systems of internal control and financial reporting. In connection with this obligation, each consults regularly with management and periodically reviews the scope and results of work performed by the CPAs. The CPAs also have direct access to the Board of Directors and Audit Committee.

The undersigned hereby certify that this report has been reviewed and prepared in accordance with all applicable statutory or regulatory requirements and that the information contained herein is true, accurate, and complete to the best of the undersigned's knowledge and belief.


Ken Black
Board Chairman


Marc Fannesbeck
President and CEO


Mike Virtue
Audit Committee Chairman


Jim Chase
Secretary and CFO

April 17, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Overview and Economic Conditions:

The following discussion summarizes the financial position and results of operations of Idaho AgCredit for the three months ended March 31, 2019, with comparisons to prior periods. You should read these comments along with the accompanying financial statements and footnotes and the 2018 Annual Report to Shareholders. The accompanying financial statements were prepared under the oversight of the Audit Committee.

Economic conditions for the three months ended March 31, 2019 reflected commodity prices near breakeven for wheat, barley, alfalfa and beef cattle. Open potato prices for 2018 crop were generally breakeven or slightly above, while contracted potatoes were generally breakeven or above. Sugar beet prices were about breakeven or slightly above, while milk was below breakeven for most producers. Projected prices for 2019 reflect weak prices, with narrow margins because costs for inputs are unlikely to weaken as much as commodity prices. Most crops and livestock are expected to remain profitable, but some may remain near or below breakeven. Most operations have sufficient diversification to weather short cycles of below breakeven prices for one or two commodities, but these operations may have to make difficult choices regarding machinery replacement and containment of operating costs. Water was adequate in most areas. Agricultural real estate prices appear to be steady. The increases in real estate values in the last several years could lead to increased loan risk on those operations which purchased higher cost land if real estate values and rental rates decrease. Idaho AgCredit's net income reflects the strong economic success of its customers.

Loan Portfolio:

Gross loan volume as of March 31, 2019 decreased \$19,880,862 from \$291,670,361 at the prior quarter end to \$271,789,499, and increased \$27,413,866 compared to the same quarter in the prior year. The current quarter change in loan volume reflected seasonal decreases in operating loan volume and net new commercial and mortgage loan volume. The increase in gross loan volume from the prior year reflects an increase in the portion of loan volume which was sold to participating lenders, an increase in loan volume purchased from participating lenders, an increase in other mortgage loans and an increase in other operating loans.

Nonaccrual loan volume at March 31, 2019 was \$2,587,565, or .95% of gross loan volume, compared to \$1,120,128, or .46% on the same date in the prior year. Idaho AgCredit's total loan portfolio is presently graded 97.1% acceptable and OAEM compared to 97.6% acceptable and OAEM in the prior year. Idaho AgCredit's long-term goal for acceptable and OAEM credit remains at 90.0% or better.

Idaho AgCredit had no net investment in other property owned (aka acquired property) at March 31, 2019, which was the same as on the same date in the prior year. Idaho AgCredit's investment in accrual sales contracts at March 31, 2019 was \$60,990 compared to \$69,974 in the prior year. Idaho AgCredit's ratio of liabilities to net worth at March 31, 2019 was 3.81:1 compared to 3.56:1 the prior year. This ratio change (which reflects that net worth has decreased in proportion to total liabilities) has been caused by retained earnings growing slower in proportion to loan volume growth and the change in the corresponding debt with CoBank.

Results of Operations:

Idaho AgCredit's net income of \$1,228,426 for the quarter was down \$71,070 compared to the same quarter in the prior year. The net interest income after the provision for losses of loan principal and commitment for the quarter was \$182,204 higher than the same period in the prior year due to an increase in net interest income of \$252,876 and an increase in the net provision for loan losses of \$70,672. Noninterest income for the quarter was \$24,100 lower than the prior year, primarily due to an increase in patronage from CoBank, a decrease in patronage from other Farm Credit institutions, a decrease in loan fees, an increase in financially related service income and an increase in other noninterest income. Noninterest expenses for the quarter were \$251,398 higher than the prior year due to the increase in salaries and benefits of \$94,661, an increase of \$1,577 in director compensation, an increase in purchased services of \$8,822, an increase in Farm Credit Insurance Fund premiums of \$116,423, and a net increase in all other noninterest expenses of \$29,915. The provision for income taxes was \$22,224 lower than the prior year due to a lower estimate of income taxes.

The Allowance for Loan Losses account balance at March 31, 2019 totaled \$1,193,161 or .44% of gross loan volume compared to an allowance of \$1,100,268 or .45% of gross loan volume for the same date in the prior year. This increase of \$92,893 from the prior year reflects an increase due to normal changes in credit quality and volume and higher than normal increases in loan volume. After assessing the relative risk based upon economic conditions,

historical annual loan loss experience and potential future losses, management believes the allowance for loan losses adequately covers the inherent risk in the loan portfolio. Ultimate losses which may be experienced by Idaho AgCredit depend upon the impact of future commodity prices, real estate values, government subsidy and disaster programs, weather-related occurrences, operating decisions and public policy. These same factors may also generate recoveries of losses previously recognized.

Capital Resources:

Shareholders' equity at March 31, 2019 was \$60,254,156, which increased \$1,220,396 from \$59,033,760 at December 31, 2018. This increase is due to net income plus net stock changes. Since January 1, 2005, Idaho AgCredit's stock requirement has been the minimum allowed by regulation, which is the lesser of 2% of the outstanding principal balance or \$1,000 per customer. Idaho AgCredit's capital amounts, categories and ratios at March 31, 2019 exceeded the FCA minimum regulatory requirements which became effective January 1, 2017.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

	March 31 2019 Unaudited	December 31, 2018 Audited	March 31 2018 Unaudited
ASSETS			
Loans	\$271,789,499	\$291,670,361	\$244,375,633
Less allowance for loan losses	1,193,161	1,193,474	1,100,268
Net loans	270,596,338	290,476,887	243,275,365
Cash	1,566,184	1,957,346	1,457,598
Accrued interest receivable	4,796,577	4,858,665	4,238,506
Investment in CoBank	10,963,123	10,953,341	10,953,341
Premises and equipment, net	1,136,981	1,164,876	1,150,109
Other property owned	0	0	0
Prepaid pension expense	306,348	318,395	301,430
Deferred tax asset, net	9,000	9,000	32,000
Other assets	501,126	1,272,881	447,229
Total assets	\$289,875,677	\$311,011,391	\$261,855,578
LIABILITIES			
Note payable to CoBank	\$223,111,237	\$245,416,059	\$197,953,443
Advance conditional payments	5,444,228	3,009,697	5,568,755
Accrued interest payable	601,772	627,053	466,424
Patronage distributions payable	0	2,355,233	0
Reserve for losses on loan commitment	53,392	41,938	61,522
Other liabilities	410,892	527,651	396,596
Total liabilities	\$229,621,521	\$251,977,631	\$204,446,740
Commitments and Contingencies (See Notes)			
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Capital stock and participation certificates	\$419,420	\$427,450	\$410,725
Allocated retained earnings (Memo Nonqualified)	20,882,039	18,435,269	18,435,269
Unallocated retained earnings	38,952,697	40,171,041	38,562,844
Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss)	0	0	0
Total shareholders' equity	\$60,254,156	\$59,033,760	\$57,408,838
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$289,875,677	\$311,011,391	\$261,855,578

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2019	2018
INTEREST INCOME		
Loans	\$3,695,665	\$3,007,852
Total interest income	3,695,665	3,007,852
INTEREST EXPENSE		
Notes payable to CoBank	1,687,640	1,264,403
Advance conditional payments	29,467	17,767
Total interest expense	1,717,107	1,282,170
Net interest income	1,978,558	1,725,682
(Provision for) or Reversal of loan losses and reserves	(11,141)	59,531
Net interest income after (provision)/reversal	1,967,417	1,785,213
NONINTEREST INCOME		
Patronage distributions from CoBank	238,285	233,396
Patronage distributions from other Farm Credit Inst.	58,873	60,308
Loan fees	36,950	64,935
Financially related services income	126	0
Other noninterest income	1,394	1,089
Total Noninterest Income	335,628	359,728
NONINTEREST EXPENSE		
Salaries and employee benefits	731,292	636,631
Director's Compensation	11,429	9,852
Occupancy and equipment	48,864	41,392
Farm Credit Insurance Fund premiums	(13,890)	(130,313)
Supervisory and examination costs	27,869	27,787
Purchased Services	88,111	79,289
Data processing services	2,430	2,430
Losses/(Gains) on other property owned, net	0	0
Other noninterest expense	132,738	110,377
Total noninterest expense	1,028,843	777,445
Income (loss) before income taxes	1,274,202	1,367,496
(Provision for)/Benefit from income taxes	(45,776)	(68,000)
Net Income/Comprehensive income	\$1,228,426	\$1,299,496

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Capital Stock and Participation Certificates	Memo Allocated Retained Earnings	Unallocated Retained Earnings	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$424,660	\$16,639,446	\$39,059,170	\$56,123,276
Net income/Comprehensive Income		1,795,823	(496,327)	1,299,496
Stock issued	39,805			39,805
Stock retired	(53,740)			(53,740)
Other (rounding)		0	1	1
Balance at March 31, 2018	\$410,725	\$18,435,269	\$38,562,844	\$57,408,838
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$427,450	\$18,435,269	\$40,171,041	\$59,033,760
Net income/Comprehensive Income		2,446,770	(1,218,344)	1,228,426
Stock issued	43,185			43,185
Stock retired	(51,215)			(51,215)
Other (rounding)		0	0	0
Balance at March 31, 2019	\$419,420	\$20,882,039	\$38,952,697	\$60,254,156

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**Note 1 – Organization and Significant Accounting Policies:**

A description of the organization and operations of Idaho AgCredit, ACA (Idaho AgCredit), the significant accounting policies followed, and the financial condition and results of operations as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, are contained in the 2018 Annual Report to Shareholders (Annual Report). The accompanying unaudited first-quarter 2019 financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. (GAAP) for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all the disclosures required by GAAP for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, as contained in the Annual Report.

In the opinion of management, the unaudited financial information is complete and reflects all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of results for the interim periods. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2019. Descriptions of the significant accounting policies are included in the Annual Report. In the opinion of management, these policies and the presentation of the interim financial condition and results of operations conform with GAAP and prevailing practices within the banking industry.

In August 2018, the FASB issued guidance entitled “Customer’s Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That Is a Service Cost.” The guidance aligns the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred in a hosting arrangement that is a service contract with the requirements for capitalizing implementation costs incurred to develop or obtain internal-use software (and hosting arrangements that include an internal-use software license). The accounting for the service element of a hosting arrangement that is a service contract is not affected by this guidance. This guidance becomes effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The guidance also requires an entity (customer) to expense the capitalized implementation costs of a hosting arrangement that is a service contract over the term of the hosting arrangement. It further specifies where to present expense and payments in the financial statements. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance is to be applied on a retrospective or prospective basis to all implementation costs incurred after the date of adoption. The Association is evaluating the impact of adoption on the Association’s financial condition and its results of operations.

In August 2018, the FASB issued guidance entitled “Disclosure Framework — Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans.” The guidance modifies the disclosure requirements for employers that sponsor defined benefit pension or other postretirement plans. This guidance becomes effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2020. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance is to be applied on a retrospective basis for all periods. The adoption of this guidance will not impact the Association’s financial condition or its results of operations, but will impact the employee benefit plan disclosures.

In August 2018, the FASB issued guidance entitled “Disclosure Framework — Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement.” The guidance modifies the requirements on fair value measurements by removing, modifying or adding to the disclosures. This guidance becomes effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted and an entity is permitted to early adopt any removal or modified disclosures and delay adoption of the additional disclosures until their effective date. The Association early adopted the removal and modified disclosures during the fourth quarter of 2018. The adoption of this guidance did not impact the Association’s financial condition or its results of operations, but will impact the fair value measurements disclosures.

In August 2017, the FASB issued guidance entitled “Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities.” The guidance better aligns an entity’s risk management activities and financial reporting for hedging relationships through changes to both the designation and measurement guidance for qualifying hedging relationships and the presentation of hedge results. The amendments in this guidance require an entity to present the earnings effect of the hedging instrument in the same income statement line item in which the earnings effect of the hedged item is reported. This guidance also addresses the timing of effectiveness testing, qualitative and quantitative effectiveness testing and components that can be excluded from effectiveness testing. This guidance became effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The adoption of this guidance did not materially impact the Association’s financial condition or its results of operations but did impact the derivative disclosures.

In June 2016, FASB issued guidance entitled "Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments." The guidance replaces the current incurred loss impairment methodology with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. Credit losses relating to available-for-sale securities would also be recorded through an allowance for credit losses. For public business entities that are not U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission filers this guidance becomes effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2020, with early application permitted. The Association is evaluating the impact of adoption on its financial condition and results of operations.

In February 2016, the FASB issued guidance entitled "Leases." The guidance requires the recognition by lessees of lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for the rights and obligations created by those leases. Leases with lease terms of more than 12 months are impacted by this guidance. The guidance became effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The adoption of this guidance did not materially impact the Association's financial condition or its results of operations but did impact lease disclosures.

Certain amounts in the prior period's financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period's financial statement presentation. The reclassified amounts include splitting allocated retained earnings (memo nonqualified) from unallocated retained earnings. The amounts shown as allocated retained earnings are considered to be permanently invested in the Association.

Idaho AgCredit may have loans in the categories of real estate mortgage, production and intermediate term, agribusiness (which may be further broken down into loans to cooperatives, processing and marketing and farm related business), rural infrastructure, rural residential real estate, and other. Only those categories for which Idaho AgCredit had loans are shown in these schedules.

Note 2 – Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses:

A summary of loans (excluding related accrued interest) follows:

Loans	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
Real estate mortgage	\$167,444,376	\$161,845,709
Production and intermediate term	92,088,383	115,297,015
Agribusiness	12,256,740	14,527,637
Total loans	\$271,789,499	\$291,670,361

Idaho AgCredit purchases or sells participation interests with other parties in order to diversify risk, manage loan volume and comply with Farm Credit Administration regulations. All of Idaho AgCredit's participations purchased and participations sold are with other Farm Credit Institutions. The following table presents information regarding participations purchased and sold (excluding related accrued interest) as of March 31, 2019:

	Participations Purchased	Participations Sold
Real estate mortgage	\$39,146,428	\$14,021,294
Production and intermediate term	0	5,247,315
Agribusiness	6,242,780	131,280
Total	\$45,389,208	\$19,399,889

Nonperforming assets (including related accrued interest) and related credit quality statistics are as follows:

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
<u>Nonaccrual loans:</u>		
Real estate mortgage	\$494,692	\$496,846
Production and Intermediate term	2,092,873	2,107,651
Agribusiness	0	0
Total nonaccrual loans	<u>\$2,587,565</u>	<u>\$2,604,497</u>
<u>Accruing restructured loans:</u>		
Total accruing restructured loans	\$0	\$0
<u>Accruing loans 90 days or more past due:</u>		
Real estate mortgage	\$0	\$0
Production and Intermediate term	0	0
Total accruing loans 90 days or more past due	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total nonperforming loans	<u>\$2,587,565</u>	<u>\$2,604,497</u>
Other property owned	0	0
Total nonperforming assets	<u>\$2,587,565</u>	<u>\$2,604,497</u>

The following table shows loans and related accrued interest classified under the Farm Credit Administration Uniform Loan Classification System as a percentage of total loans and related accrued interest receivable by loan type as of:

	March 31, 2019	December 31, 2018
<u>Real estate mortgage</u>		
Acceptable	94.2%	94.1%
OAEM	3.0%	2.8%
Substandard	2.8%	3.1%
	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>
<u>Production and intermediate term</u>		
Acceptable	95.6%	96.0%
OAEM	0.9%	0.5%
Substandard	3.5%	3.5%
	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>
<u>Agribusiness</u>		
Acceptable	100.0%	100.0%
OAEM	0.0%	0.0%
Substandard	0.0%	0.0%
	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>
<u>Total loans</u>		
Acceptable	94.9%	95.1%
OAEM	2.2%	1.8%
Substandard	2.9%	3.1%
	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

The recorded investment in loan receivables is the face amount increased or decreased by applicable accrued interest and unamortized premium, discount, finance charges, or acquisition costs and may also reflect a previous direct write-down of the investment. The following tables provide an age analysis of past due loans (including accrued interest) as of:

(Dollars in Thousands)	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or <30 Days Past Due	Total Loans	90 Days or More Past Due and Accruing
March 31, 2019						
Real estate mortgage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$170,932	\$170,932	\$0
Production and intermediate term	5,327	0	5,327	87,985	93,312	0
Agribusiness	0	0	0	12,342	12,342	0
Total	\$5,327	\$0	\$5,327	\$271,259	\$276,586	\$0

December 31, 2018						
	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or <30 Days Past Due	Total Loans	90 Days or More Past Due and Accruing
Real estate mortgage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$165,042	\$165,042	\$0
Production and intermediate term	64	0	64	116,756	116,820	0
Agribusiness	0	0	0	14,667	14,667	0
Total	\$64	\$0	\$64	\$296,465	\$296,529	\$0

Additional impaired loan information is as follows:

	At March 31, 2019			At December 31, 2018		
	Recorded Investment	Contractual Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Recorded Investment	Contractual Principal Balance	Related Specific Allowance
<u>Impaired loans with a related allowance for credit losses:</u>						
Real estate mortgage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Production and intermediate term	607,799	607,799	24,006	0	0	0
Agribusiness	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	\$607,799	\$607,799	\$24,006	\$0	\$0	\$0
<u>Impaired loans with no related allowance for credit losses:</u>						
Real estate mortgage	\$494,692	\$558,197	\$0	\$496,846	\$558,934	\$0
Production and intermediate term	1,485,074	1,637,369	0	2,107,651	2,242,007	0
Agribusiness	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	\$1,979,766	\$2,195,566	\$0	\$2,604,497	\$2,800,941	\$0
<u>Total impaired loans:</u>						
Real estate mortgage	\$494,692	\$558,197	\$0	\$496,846	\$558,934	\$0
Production and intermediate term	2,092,873	2,245,168	24,006	2,107,651	2,242,007	0
Agribusiness	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	\$2,587,565	\$2,803,365	\$24,006	\$2,604,497	\$2,800,941	\$0

(Dollars in Thousands)	For the Quarter Ended			
	March 31, 2019		March 31, 2018	
	Average Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized	Average Impaired Loans	Interest Income Recognized
<u>Impaired with a related allowance for credit losses:</u>				
Real estate mortgage	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Prod. and intermediate term	203	0	863	0
Agribusiness	0	0	0	0
Total	\$203	\$0	\$863	\$0
<u>Impaired with no related allowance for credit losses:</u>				
Real estate mortgage	\$495	\$35	\$103	\$2
Prod. and intermediate term	1,905	490	515	12
Agribusiness	0	650	670	0
Total	\$2,400	\$1,175	\$1,288	\$14
<u>Total impaired loans:</u>				
Real estate mortgage	\$495	\$35	\$103	\$2
Prod. and intermediate term	2,108	490	1,378	12
Agribusiness	0	650	670	0
Total	\$2,603	\$1,175	\$2,151	\$14

A summary of changes in the allowance for loan losses and period end recorded investment in loans is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Provision for Loan Losses/ (Loan Loss Reversals)	Ending Balance
December 31, 2018 to March 31, 2019					
Real estate mortgage	\$545,968	\$0	\$0	\$7,191	\$553,159
Production and intermediate term	623,434	0	0	(6,263)	617,171
Agribusiness	24,072	0	0	(1,241)	22,831
Total	\$1,193,474	\$0	\$0	(\$313)	\$1,193,161
December 31, 2017 to March 31, 2018					
Real estate mortgage	\$517,797	\$0	\$0	(\$11,772)	\$506,025
Production and intermediate term	653,870	0	0	(69,069)	584,801
Agribusiness	7,473	0	0	1,969	9,442
Total	\$1,179,140	\$0	\$0	(\$78,872)	\$1,100,268

A summary of recorded investment (including accrued interest) for allowance evaluations is as follows:

	Allowance for Loan Losses		Recorded Investments in Loans Outstanding	
	Individually evaluated for impairment	Collectively evaluated for impairment	Individually evaluated for impairment	Collectively evaluated for impairment
March 31, 2019				
Real estate mortgage	\$0	\$553,159	\$494,692	\$166,949,684
Production and intermediate term	24,006	593,165	2,092,873	89,995,510
Agribusiness	0	22,831	0	12,256,740
Total	\$24,006	\$1,169,155	\$2,587,565	\$269,201,934
December 31, 2018				
Real estate mortgage	\$0	\$545,968	\$496,846	\$164,545,010
Production and intermediate term	0	623,434	2,107,651	114,712,108
Agribusiness	0	24,072	0	14,667,411
Total	\$0	\$1,193,474	\$2,604,497	\$293,924,529
March 31, 2018				
Real estate mortgage	\$0	\$506,025	\$34,029	\$146,284,003
Production and intermediate term	0	584,801	452,653	90,077,933
Agribusiness	0	9,442	633,446	11,132,075
Total	\$0	\$1,100,268	\$1,120,128	\$247,494,011

There were no loans acquired which had credit quality that had deteriorated since origination for the periods shown.

A restructuring of debt constitutes troubled debt restructuring if the creditor for economic or legal reasons related to the debtor's financial difficulties grants a concession to the debtor that it would not otherwise consider. Idaho AgCredit had no troubled debt restructurings that occurred during the years represented in these statements.

Note 3 – Capital:

There have not been any significant capitalization bylaw changes or significant other capitalization plan or status changes since the date of the Annual Report and Idaho AgCredit is in compliance with FCA capital regulations.

Note 4 – Income Taxes:

There have not been any significant changes in the composition or valuation of tax assets or liabilities since the date of the Annual Report.

Note 5 – Contingent Liabilities and Litigation:

Idaho AgCredit has various commitments outstanding and contingent liabilities, as described in Note 14 "Commitments and Contingencies" of the Annual Report. There have not been any significant changes related to this subject area since that report, other than normal seasonal and operational variations in the amounts of outstanding commitments and deposit balances. There are no legal actions pending against Idaho AgCredit.

Note 6 – Whistleblower Notices:

Idaho AgCredit has established a whistleblower program to encourage reporting by any employee, customer or member of the public about any improper accounting or other activity to the Association's Audit Committee. Details about the whistleblower program and contact information for making whistleblower complaints are listed on the Association website at www.idahoagcredit.com.

Note 7 – Subsequent Events:

Idaho AgCredit has evaluated subsequent events through April 17, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.